## E-wallets now used to siphon noney from debit, credit cards

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Mumbai: Long queues at ATMs and withdrawal limits on debit cards have prompted cyber scamsters to come up with a new modus operandi—using e-wallets to fraudulently siphon monev from credit or debit cardholders. Experts say there are 50-50 chances of tracking the money once it is transferred to such e-wallets.

The fraudsters create several e-wallet accounts. "For a cashless society, security features should be good and cardholders should be more sensible while attending to such fraud calls," said investigators.

After demonetisation, policestations across the city registered 38 cases (from November 1 to December 12). The money was fraudulently transferred from the victims' cards to ewallets. Cyber police said such cases are increasing as fraudsters, stumped by the withdrawal limits at banks and ATMs. have devised new means to obtain money. A cyber police offi-"Initially, the fraudcer said. sters would transfer money

fraudulently from a victim's card to an account and the money immediately withdrawn from some branch in Noida or Jharkhand or Gurgaon. Postdemonetisation, fraudsters are transferring money to multiple e-wallets. The wallets are created with a single mobile number (SIM procured through fake documents) money transferred in small amounts, ranging from Rs 4,000 but below Rs 20,000. Within seconds the money is transferred to ewallets and spent online, before the bank or the police approach the e-wallet service provider to freeze the account.

Cyber expert Vijay Mukhi said e-wallets are basically apps on phones. "Most e-wallets do not do a KYC of the user, they simply use the mobile number: Most e-wallets do not even ask for an extra password while sending money to someone else," he said.

Another cyber expert Ritesh Bhatia said, "Post-demonetisation, many cases have cometome. The fraudsters can be traced with help from the bank and e-wallet service provider. But by then the damage is already done," said Bhatia.

Deputy commissioner police(cyber)SachinPatilsaid, 'Nevershare your cardor account details with a person who claims to be a bank executive. One should understand that banks never call anyone see king details like OTP, card digits, account number, PIN etc. Awareness will be the biggest weapon to fight cyber crime.'



## HOW THE SCAMSTERS OPERATE

 Fraudsters posing as bank executives call the victim warning that his/her card is going to get blocked if he/she does not update their credit/debit card details

 Fraudsters alternately try to lure the victim with reward points

They keep the victim engaged on phone seeking details, while they transfer money from the victim's credit or debit card to several e-wallets

 Fraudsters create several e-wallets using a single mobile number (SIM obtained through fake documents). They transfer money in the range of ₹5,000 to multiple e-wallets within

seconds

> The e-wallet is used for online shopping, bill payments, etc.

 Fraudsters started using e-wallets as after demonetization withdrawal limits have been set on debit/credit cards

E-wallet Fraud Cases Registered With Cyber Police In December: 2

November

Cases

Total

## **ADVISORY**



- Set a password/pin for accessing the e-wallet
- Use anti-virus software
- Download app only from authorised application or sites that you can trust
- Turn off your device's NFC/bluetooth/wi-fi signal



- Do not provide your credentials on sites without https protocol
- Do not rely on free antivirus software or trial versions
- Do not download app from unauthorised or unknown sources
- Do not pay for or on behalf of others